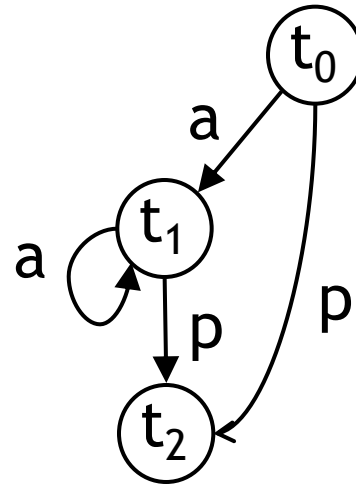
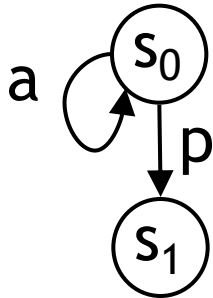

Exercises:
Communicating automata
Timed automata
Process Algebras (CCS)

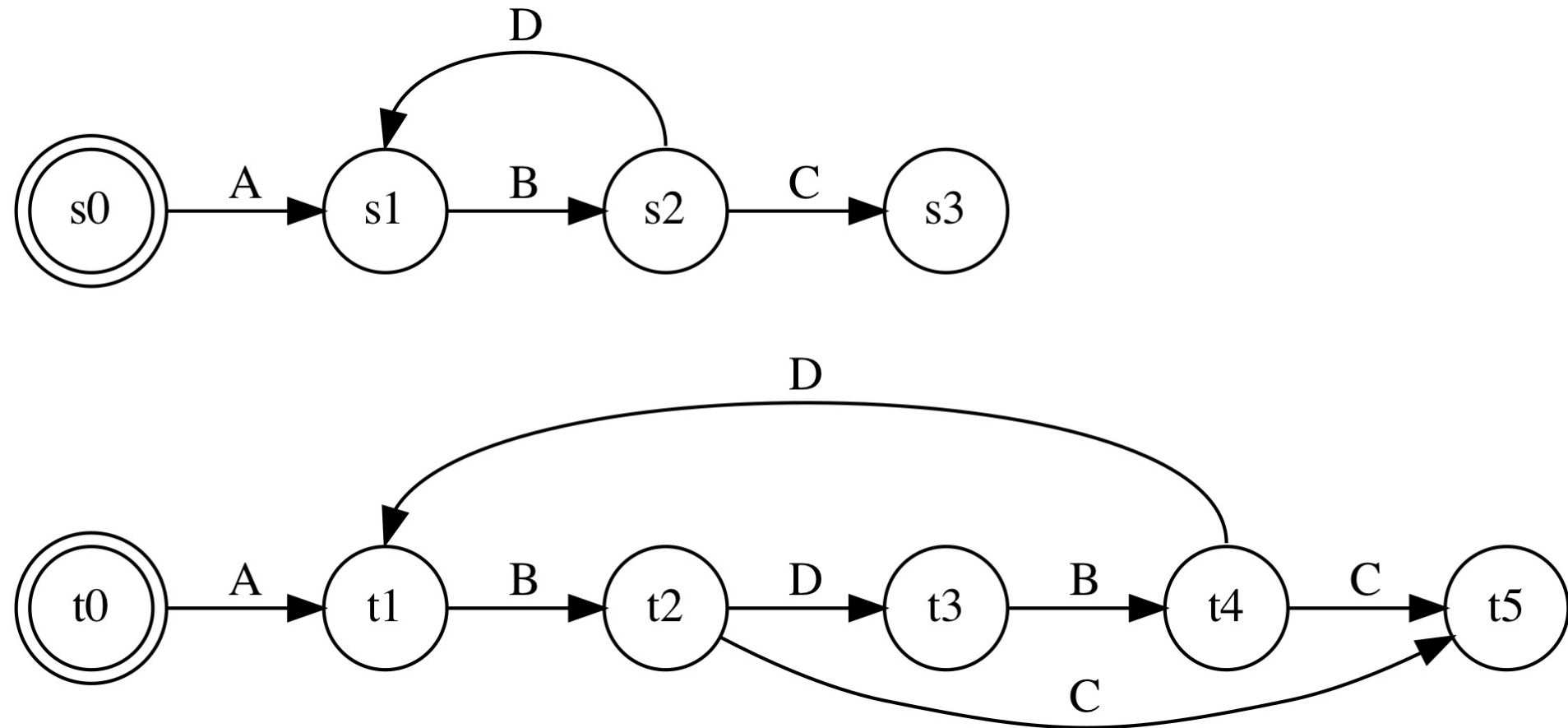
CA: Exercise

- Are these LTSs bisimilar? ($s_0 \sim t_0$?)



CA: Exercise

- Are s_0 and t_0 strongly bisimilar? ($s_0 \sim t_0$?)



TA: Worker and Hammer, part 1

- *W* starts in state *rest*
 - Initially, the worker is idle
- From *rest*, *W* can do **start!** and go to state *work*
 - The worker picks up a hammer and starts working
- From *work*, *W* can do **done!** and go to *rest*
 - The worker has done some work and needs to rest
- Time constraints:
 - The worker cannot work for more than 60 TU
 - The worker cannot work for less than 10 TU

TA: Worker and Hammer, part 2

- H starts in state *free*
 - initially, the hammer is not being used
- From *free*, H can do **start?** and go to state *busy*
 - A worker picks up the hammer and starts using it
- From *busy*, H can do **hit!** and go to *busy*
 - The hammer is being used to hit nails
- From *busy*, H can do **done?** And go to *free*
 - The worker has put the hammer down
- Time constraints:
 - At least 1 TU between two **hit!** actions
 - **done?** may only happen at least 5 TU after **start?**

Exercise

Describe a vending machine V such that:

- Initially, V accepts a coin, which may be either a nickel **or** a dime
 - After receiving any coin, V makes a cup of coffee **or** tea
 - After making the cup, V gives it to the user
 - Then, it terminates
 - Actions: $\{ \textit{nickel}, \textit{dime}, \textit{makeC}, \textit{makeT}, \textit{giveC}, \textit{giveT} \}$
-
- Write the LTS describing V 's behaviour
 - Can you write it as a CCS process?

A brief tour of CAAL (1/2)

You can use [CAAL](#) to view the LTS of a CCS process.
Type this into “*Edit*”, then go to “*Explore*”

```
agent V1 =  
  nickel.('makeC.'giveC.θ + 'makeT.'giveT.θ)  
+ dime.('makeC.'giveC.θ + 'makeT.'giveT.θ) ;  
agent V2 = (NickelOrDime | MakeCup) \ {done};  
agent NickelOrDime = nickel.'done.θ + dime.'done.θ;  
agent MakeCup = done.('makeC.'giveC.θ + 'makeT.'giveT.θ);
```

- **V1** is V_{CCS} ; **V2** is V'_{CCS}

A brief tour of CAAL (2/2)

- Syntax:
 - CAAL uses \emptyset for the **nil** process, tau for τ
 - Apostrophe for co-names (e.g., 'done = \overline{done})
 - Process names: 1st letter must be *Uppercase*
 - Channel names: 1st letter must be *lowercase*
- CAAL can also check (strong/weak) **bisimulation**
 - Weak bisim. = a variant of branching bisimulation
- Go to “*Verify*”, then “Add property”
 - Select Equivalence/Preorder checking
 - Choose which equivalence to check

Exercise (1/2)

A computer scientist publishes a paper, then offers a coin, then drinks coffee, then starts over:

$$CS \triangleq \overline{pub}.\overline{coin}.coffee.CS$$

A coffee machine receives a coin, then offers a coffee, then starts over:

$$CM \triangleq coin.\overline{coffee}.CM$$

- Draw the LTS for the system

$$P \triangleq (CM \mid CS) \setminus \{coin, coffee\}$$

- (Is it branching bisimilar to $S \triangleq \overline{pub}.S$?)

Exercise (2/2)

$CS \triangleq \overline{pub}.\overline{coin}.coffee.CS$

$CM \triangleq coin.\overline{coffee}.CM$

LTS of $P \triangleq (CM \mid CS) \setminus \{coin, coffee\}$?

- (Is P branching bisimilar to $S \triangleq \overline{pub}.S$?)

$$\frac{}{\mu.P \xrightarrow{\mu} P} \quad \frac{P \xrightarrow{\mu} P' \quad \mu \neq a \quad \mu \neq \bar{a}}{P \setminus a \xrightarrow{\mu} P' \setminus a} \quad \frac{P \xrightarrow{\mu} P' \quad K \triangleq P}{K \xrightarrow{\mu} P'}$$

$$\frac{P \xrightarrow{\mu} P'}{P \mid Q \xrightarrow{\mu} P' \mid Q} \quad \frac{Q \xrightarrow{\mu} Q'}{P \mid Q \xrightarrow{\mu} P \mid Q'} \quad \frac{P \xrightarrow{a} P' \quad Q \xrightarrow{\bar{a}} Q'}{P \mid Q \xrightarrow{\tau} P' \mid Q'}$$

Exercise: Barrier synchronization

- Write a CCS process such that
 - It performs 3 actions (say, **a b c**) in **any order** (in parallel)
 - After all 3 actions have been performed, it performs another action (say, **d**) and terminates
- Hint: you will need to introduce new actions and force synchronization on them