

Working with Models in the Model Checking Contest

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Organisation of the MCC

FABRICE KORDON

MODEL BOARD

production of
Petri net models
for the competition

FORMULA BOARD

production of
temporal logic
formulas for
the competition

- access to computing clusters
- BenchKit infrastructure
- launch of the experiments
- computation of statistics
- presentation of the results

Missions of the Model Board

■ Every year:

- ▶ prepare a **dozen new models** for the MCC competition
- ▶ issue a yearly **call for models**
- ▶ **check** the new models sent by the MCC community
- ▶ if needed, **correct** these models

■ On the long run:

- ▶ **maintain** the MCC collection of models

■ Neutrality:

- ▶ the members of the Model Board are not competitors

Definition of MCC models

In the context of the MCC, a **model** is:

- ▶ a set of **instances** (between 1 and 20)
- ▶ a **story** that explains where the model comes from (academic, industrial, etc.)
- ▶ a nice **picture** (if possible)
- ▶ a **form** (LaTeX/PDF file presenting the model)

and each **instance** is:

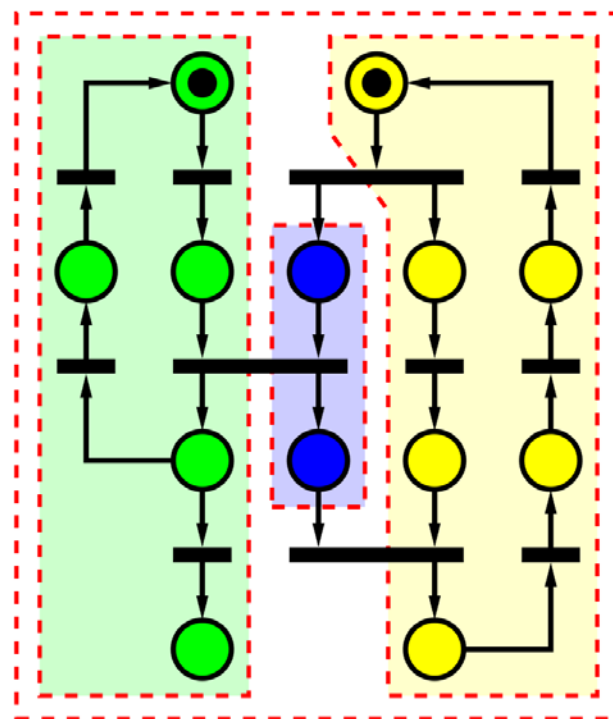
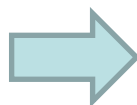
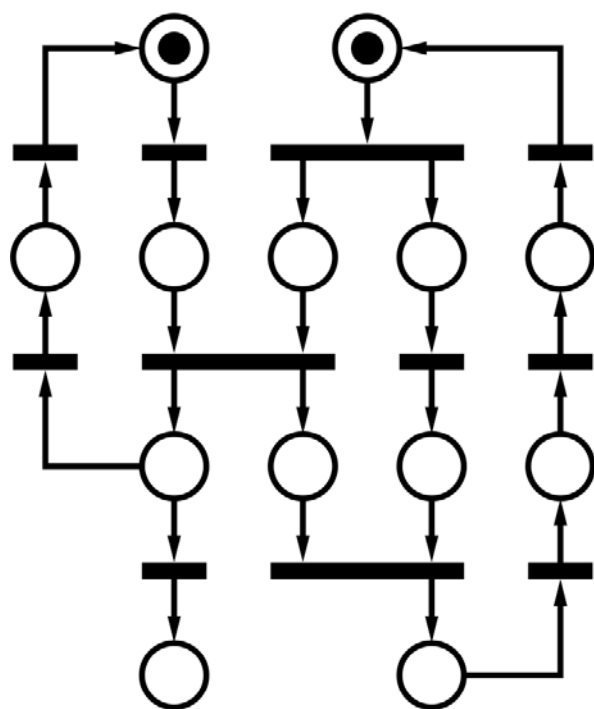
- ▶ a **PNML file** containing a Petri net
- ▶ three classes: **P/T** without structure, **NUPN**, or **colored**

Checking submitted models

- The MCC community answers the yearly call for models by contributing new models
 - ▶ these models may be **erroneous** (e.g., invalid PNML)
 - ▶ their stated properties may be **wrong** or **incomplete**
- The Model Board checks these models
- Automatic completion of the model form:
 - `.pnml` – **PNML2NUPN** → `.nupn` – **CAESAR.BDD** → `.tex`
- Discussion with the author of submitted models

Automatic decomposition to NUPNs

- Non-structured P/T nets are converted to NUPNs
- 205 MCC instances have been upgraded this way



NUPNs allow
more efficient
verification

[Bouvier, Garavel, Ponce de Leon, [Petri Nets 2020](#)] [Bouvier, Garavel, [Petri Nets 2021](#)]

Detection of duplicate models (1/2)

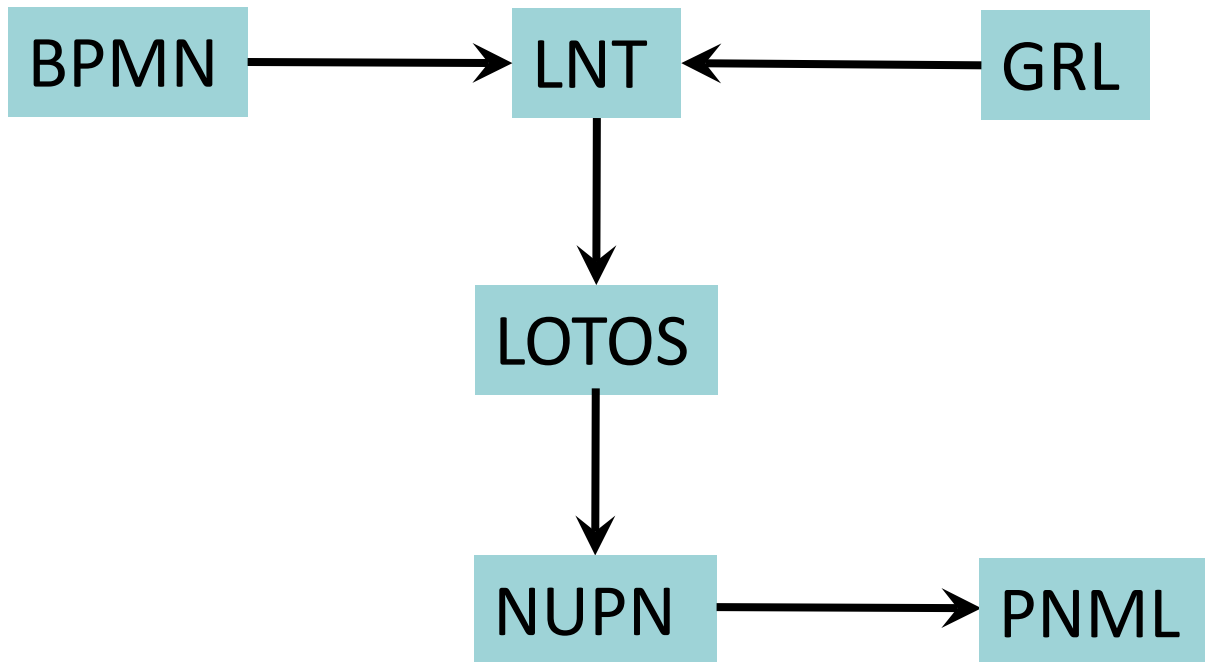
- 1. How to prevent tools from improving their performance by "caching" known MCC models?
 - ▶ Fabrice proposed "scrambled nets": random permutations of places and transitions
- 2. How to detect **duplicates** in MCC models?
 - ▶ Too many duplicates may bias the competition
 - ▶ In Grenoble, this problem is even more acute: we have tenths of thousands of NUPNs used for testing

Detection of duplicate models (2/2)

- Concept of **isomorphic P/T nets** (or NUPNs):
 - ▶ nets identical modulo **permutations** (of places, transitions, and units) that **preserve** arcs, initial markings, unit inclusion, etc.
- A dedicated software toolchain:
 - ▶ **signatures** and **net canonization**
 - ▶ reduction to **graph isomorphism** and to **SMT solving**
- Findings:
 - ▶ 1. Net scrambling is not an effective countermeasure
 - ▶ 2. There are few duplicates among the MCC models

Construction of new models

- Models generated by CADP (<https://cadp.inria.fr>)



- 1/3 of MCC models have been produced this way
- The generated models are correct by construction

Frequent issues

Statistically, the 3 most common problems are:

- Issues with the tool that unifies the PNML "name" and "id" attributes
- Issues with the **unfolding** tool that converts **colored** nets to equivalent **P/T** nets
- Incompatibilities between the submitted **colored** nets and their corresponding **P/T** instances

Conclusion

- **MCC**: much work is done in the background
- The MCC collection of models in 2023:
 - ▶ 133 models
 - ▶ 1729 instances
 - ▶ 175+ publications
- Current Model Board members:
 - ▶ Pierre Bouvier, Fabrice Kordon, Hubert Garavel
 - ▶ (Lom Messan Hillah left to industry)
- We would heartily welcome new members